## Poor Water



Drinking water is essential to live, but dirty drinking water is also a major cause of disease. Whilst most people living in Western Europe can access safe water, only $50 \%$ of people living in Central Africa can do this.

The largest population without access to safe tap water is in China: that is 324 million people, or $25 \%$ of the population. In a quarter of all territories more than a quarter of the population is without access to safe water. Worldwide $18 \%$ of people have no safe drinking water.
Safer water can be obtained by treating water, collecting it from a spring, or pumping it up from groundwater.

Territory size shows the proportion of all people without reliable access to safe water that live there.


Technical notes

- Data are from the United Nations Developmen
- *In 40 territories less than $1 \%$ of poput Riop
- In 40 territories less than $1 \%$ of population has
not got a reliable source of safe drinking water
- Poor water is water that is either not safe or is
- See website for further information.

LEAST AND GREATER ACCESS TO SAFE DRINKING WATER

| Rank | Territory | Value | Rank | Territory | Value |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 1 | Ethiopia | 76 | 151 | Bahamas | 3 |
| 2 | Chad | 73 | 151 | Albania | 3 |
| 3 | Cambodia | 70 | 153 | Greenland | 3 |
| 4 | Mauritania | 63 | 154 | Ukraine | 2 |
| 4 | Lao People's Dem Republic | 63 | 154 | Saint Lucia | 2 |
| 6 | Angola | 62 | 154 | Uruguay | 2 |
| 7 | Oman | 61 | 154 | Saint Kitts \& Nevis | 2 |
| 8 | Rwanda | 59 | 158 | Russian Federation | 1 |
| 9 | Burkina Faso | 58 | 158 | Samoa | 1 |
| 9 | Papua New Guinea | 58 | 158 | Hungary | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | percentage of population without sustainable access to an improved water source 2000* |  |  |  |  |

POOR ACCESS TO WATER

"It is the cause of debilitating diseases for the majority of children. That is how serious a lack of sanitation and clean water is."

